



Jobs

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP), which helps low-income families to afford nutritious foods and reduces hunger, was responsible for 25,882 U.S. grocery industry jobs. SNAP drove additional job growth of nearly 15,210 jobs in supporting industries, including agriculture, manufacturing, transportation and municipal services.



Wages

The jobs required to administer SNAP at the grocery store level generated more than \$1.3 billion in grocery industry wages. Paychecks earned by workers in supporting industries push the total to more than \$2.5 billion.



Taxes

While SNAP purchases are not subject to sales taxes, sales helped generate additional tax activity at the federal, state and local levels. SNAP sales and administration at the grocery store level were responsible for \$334.8 million in state and local tax revenues and \$364.0 million in federal tax receipts.



Output

SNAP drove total output of \$3.5 billion across grocery and other retailing industries in the state. The output generated by supplier and induced impacts represents another \$3.5 billion.

